

RE: Claims for Sewer/Stormwater Backup

Dear Claimant:

Thank you for notifying the City of Grand Rapids that you wish to file a claim resulting from a sewage backup.

If you desire to file a claim with the City of Grand Rapids to seek compensation for your damaged property, you must fill out the enclosed Claim Form and return it within 45 days of the sewer backup or 45 days from when you first discovered the backup. This is a legal requirement and we urge you to keep aware of this time, so that this deadline does not pass before you file your claim. We have also enclosed a copy of Public Act 222 for your reference.

If you have not already done so, we request you *contact your insurance carrier* to determine any coverage you may be afforded for this loss. Please provide us with a written response from your insurance carrier.

We will continue to keep your file open until all relevant information is received. *Please keep in mind there are no guarantees of payment by receiving the enclosed form* and the City evaluates each claim on an individual basis. You are notified in writing of the results of our investigation. Thank you. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

Sharra A. Poncil

Liability Risk Management Analyst

(616) 456-4670 sponcil@grcity.us Act No. 222
Public Acts of 2001
Approved by the Governor
January 2, 2002
Filed with the Secretary of State
January 2, 2002
EFFECTIVE DATE: January 2, 2002

STATE OF MICHIGAN 91ST LEGISLATURE REGULAR SESSION OF 2001

Introduced by Senators Johnson, Hammerstrom, Dunaskiss, Gongeon, Shugars, North and Bullard

ENROLLED SENATE BILL No. 109

AN ACT to amend 1954 PA 170, entitled "An act to make uniform the liability of municipal corporations, political subdivisions, and the state, its agencies and departments, officers, employees, and volunteers thereof, and members of certain boards, councils, and task forces when engaged in the exercise or discharge of a governmental function, for injuries to property and persons; to define and limit this liability; to define and limit the liability of the state when engaged in a proprietary function; to authorize the purchase of liability insurance to protect against loss arising out of this liability; to provide for defending certain claims made against public officers and paying damages sought or awarded against them; to provide for the legal defense of public officers and employees; to provide for reimbursement of public officers and employees for certain legal expenses; and to repeal certain acts and parts of acts," (MCL 691.1401 to 691.1415) by adding sections 16; 17, 18, and 19.

The People of the State of Michigan enact:

Sec. 16. As used in this section and sections 17 to 19:

- (a) "Affected property" means real property affected by a sewage disposel system event.
- (b) "Appropriate governmental agency" means a governmental agency that, at the time of a sewage disposal system event, owned or operated, or directly or indirectly discharged into, the portion of the sewage disposal system that allegedly caused damage or physical injury.
- (c) "Claimant" means a property owner that believes that a sewage disposal system event caused damage to the owner's property, a physically injured individual who believes that a sewage disposal system event caused the physical injury, or a person making a claim on behalf of a property owner or physically injured individual. Claimant includes a person that is subrogated to a claim of a property owner or physically injured individual described in this subdivision.
 - (d) "Contacting agency" means any of the following within a governmental agency:
 - (i) The clerk of the governmental agency.
- (ii) If the governmental agency has no clerk, an individual who may lawfully be served with civil process directed against the governmental agency.
- (iii) Any other individual, agency, authority, department, district, or office authorized by the governmental agency to receive notice under section 19, including, but not limited to, an agency, authority, department, district, or office

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responsible for the operation of the sewage disposal system, such as a sewer department, water department, or department of public works.

- (e) "Defect" means a construction, design, maintenance, operation, or repair defect.
- (f) "Noneconomic damages" includes, but is not limited to, pain, suffering, inconvenience, physical impairment, disfigurement, mental angulah, emotional distress, loss of society and companionship, loss of consortium, injury to reputation, humiliation, and other nonpecuniary damages.
 - (g) "Person" means an individual, partnership, association, corporation, other legal entity, or a political subdivision.
- (h) "Serious impairment of body function" means that term as defined in section 3135 of the insurance code of 1956, 1956 PA 218, MCL 500.3136.
- (i) "Service lead" means an instrumentality that connects an affected property, including a structure, fixture, or improvement on the property, to the sewage disposal system and that is neither owned nor maintained by a governmental agency.
- (j) "Sewage disposal system" means all interceptor sewers, storm sewers, sanitary sewers, combined sanitary and storm sewers, sewage treatment plants, and all other plants, works, instrumentalities, and properties used or useful in connection with the collection, treatment, and disposal of sewage and industrial wastes, and includes a storm water drain system under the jurisdiction and control of a governmental agency.
- (ir) "Sawage disposal system event" or "event" means the overflow or backup of a sewage disposal system onto real property. An overflow or backup is not a sewage disposal system event if any of the following was a substantial proximate cause of the overflow or backup:
 - (6) An obstruction in a service lead that was not caused by a governmental agency.
- (ii) A connection to the sewage disposal system on the affected property, including, but not limited to, a sump system, building drain, surface drain, gutter, or downspout.
 - (iii) An act of war, whether the war is declared or undeclared, or an act of terrorism.
- (i) "Substantial proximate cause" means a proximate cause that was 50% or more of the cause of the event and the property damage or physical injury.
- Sec. 17. (1) To afford property owners, individuals, and governmental agencies greater efficiency, certainty, and consistency in the provision of relief for damages or physical injuries caused by a sewage disposal system event, a claimant and a governmental agency subject to a claim shall comply with this section and the procedures in sections 18 and 19.
- (2) A governmental agency is immune from tort liability for the overflow or backup of a sewage disposal system content and the governmental agency is an appropriate governmental agency. Sections 16 to 19 abrogate common law exceptions, if any, to immunity for the overflow or backup of a sewage disposal system and provide the sole remedy for obtaining any form of relief for damages or physical injuries caused by a sewage disposal system event regardless of the legal theory.
- (3) If a claimant, including a claimant seeking noneconomic damages, believes that an event caused property damage or physical injury, the claimant may seek compensation for the property damage or physical injury from a governmental agency if the claimant shows that all of the following existed at the time of the event:
 - (a) The governmental agency was an appropriate governmental agency.
 - (b) The sewage disposal system had a defect.
 - (c) The governmental agency knew, or in the exercise of reasonable diligence should have known, about the defect.
- (d) The governmental agency, having the legal authority to do so, failed to take reasonable steps in a reasonable amount of time to repair, correct, or remedy the defect.
 - (e) The defect was a substantial proximate cause of the event and the property damage or physical injury.
- (4) In addition to the requirements of subsection (8), to obtain compensation for property damage or physical injury from a governmental agency, a claimant must show both of the following:
- (a) If any of the damaged property is personal property, reasonable proof of ownership and the value of the damaged personal property. Reasonable proof may include testimony or records documenting the ownership, purchase price, or value of the property, or photographic or similar evidence showing the value of the property.
 - (b) The claimant complied with section 19.
- Sec. 18. (I) Except as provided in subsection (2), economic damages are the only compensation for a claim under section 17. Except as provided in subsection (2), a court shall not award and a governmental agency shall not pay noneconomic damages as compensation for an eyent.

- (2) A governmental agency remains subject to tort liability for noneconomic damages caused by an event only if the claimant or the individual on whose behalf the claimant is making the claim has suffered death, serious impairment of body function, or permanent serious disfigurement.
- (3) In an action for noneconomic damages under section 17, the issues of whether a claimant or the individual on whose behalf the claimant is making the claim has suffered serious impairment of body function or permanent serious disfigurement are questions of law for the court if the court finds either of the following:
 - (a) There is no factual dispute concerning the nature and extent of the claimant's or the individual's injuries.
- (b) There is a factual dispute concerning the nature and extent of the claimant's or the individual's injuries, but the dispute is not material to determining whether the claimant or the individual has suffered a serious impairment of body function or permanent serious disfigurement.
- (4) Unless this act provides otherwise, a party to a civil action brought under section 17 has all applicable common law and statutory defenses ordinarily available in civil actions, and is entitled to all rights and procedures available under the Michigan court rules.
- Sec. 19. (1) Except as provided in subsections (3) and (7), a claimant is not entitled to compensation under section 17 unless the claimant notifies the governmental agency of a claim of damage or physical injury, in writing, within 45 days after the date the damage or physical injury was discovered, or in the exercise of reasonable diligence should have been discovered. The written notice under this subsection shall contain the content required by subsection (2)(c) and shall be sent to the individual within the governmental agency designated in subsection (2)(b). To facilitate compliance with this section, a governmental agency owning or operating a sewage disposal system shall make available public information about the provision of notice under this section.
- (2) If a person who owns or occupies affected property notifies a contacting agency orally or in writing of an event before providing a notice of a claim that complies with subsection (1), the contacting agency shall provide the person with all of the following information in writing:
- (a) A sufficiently detailed explanation of the notice requirements of subsection (1) to allow a claimant to comply with the requirements.
- (b) The name and address of the individual within the governmental agency to whom a claimant must send written notice under subsection (1).
- (c) The required content of the written notice under subsection (1), which is limited to the claimant's name, address, and telephone number, the address of the affected property, the date of discovery of any property damages or physical injuries, and a brief description of the claim.
- (3) A claimant's failure to comply with the notice requirements of subsection (1) does not bar the claimant from bringing a civil action under section 17 against a governmental agency notified under subsection (2) if the claimant can show both of the following:
- (a) The claimant notified the contacting agency under subsection (2) during the period for giving notice under subsection (1).
- (b) The claimant's failure to comply with the notice requirements of subsection (1) resulted from the contacting agency's failure to comply with subsection (2).
- (4) If a governmental agency that is notified of a claim under subsection (1) believes that a different or additional governmental agency may be responsible for the claimed property damages or physical injuries, the governmental agency shall notify the contacting agency of each additional or different governmental agency of that fact, in writing, within 15 business days after the date the governmental agency receives the claimant's notice under subsection (1). This subsection is intended to allow a different or additional governmental agency to inspect a claimant's property or investigate a claimant's physical injury before litigation. Failure by a governmental agency to provide notice under this subsection to a different or additional governmental agency does not bar a civil action by the governmental agency against the different or additional governmental agency.
- (6) If a governmental agency receives a notice from a claimant or a different or additional governmental agency that complies with this section, the governmental agency receiving notice may inspect the damaged property or investigate the physical injury. A claimant or the owner or occupant of affected property shall not unreasonably refuse to allow a governmental agency subject to a claim to inspect damaged property or investigate a physical injury. This subsection does not prohibit a governmental agency from subsequently inspecting damaged property or investigating a physical injury during a civil action brought under section 17.
- (6) If a governmental agency notified of a claim under subsection (1) and a claimant do not reach an agreement on the amount of compensation for the property damage or physical injury within 45 days after the receipt of notice under this section, the claimant may institute a civil action. A civil action shall not be commenced under section 17 until after that 45 days.
 - (7) This section does not apply to claims for noneconomic damages made under section 17.

This act is ordered to take immediate effect.

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			•	Clerk of the House of Representatives.

Approved

Governor.